Experience Report on a Student-Organized Al Course

27th annual ACM conference on Innovation and Technology in Computer Science Education - Session 4C



Background

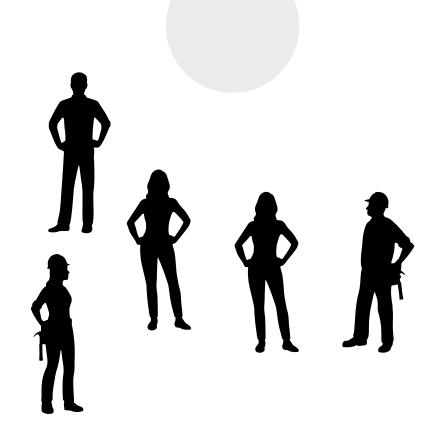




They use Prolog Prolog is used to implement Als We want to learn about Als

. . .

Hey Sebastian, could you maybe realize a course on artificial intelligence?!



Al was not really one of our research topics - but why should all courses be based on the specializations of faculty members?

Course on Artificial Intelligence

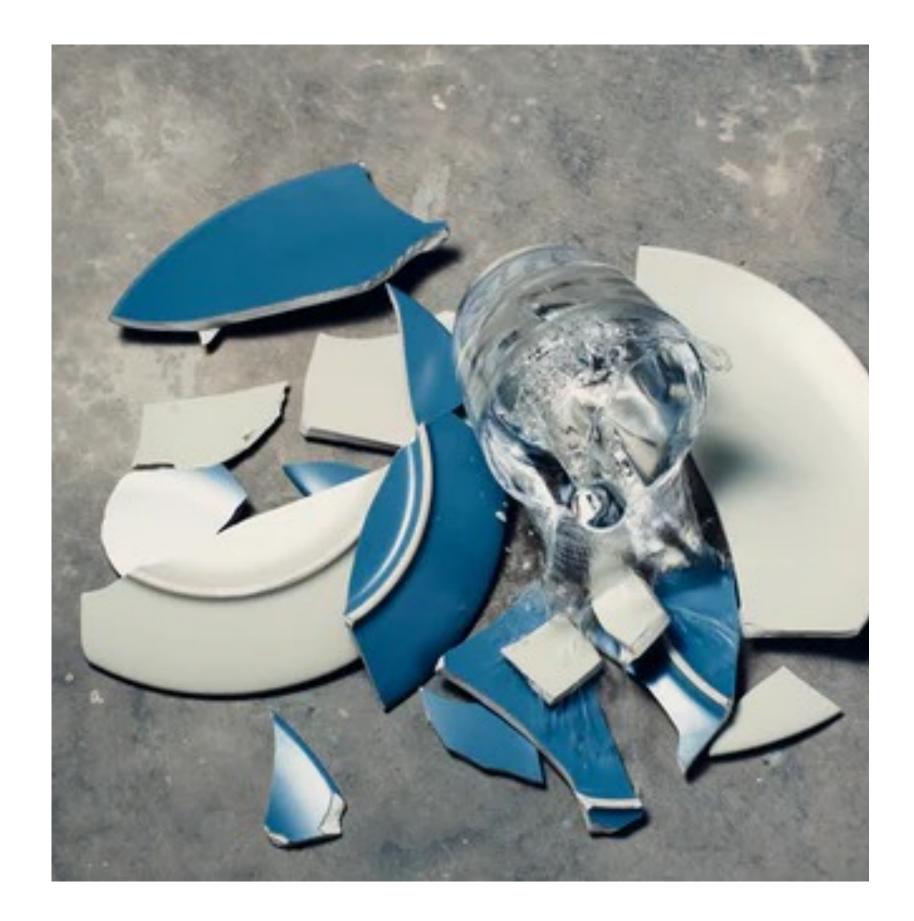
Restrictions and Constraints

- Has to be created quite quickly
- Practically no resources for teaching left
- But there are well-designed books and requested topics

Go for a classical seminar format with a common reading list, discussions and exercises

Smooth sailing

Until someone missed to set a limit on the number of students allowed to attend



Source: Unsplash

Rescue Attempt

Seek strength in numbers!



Source: Unsplash

"Students as 'co-producers' of education"

Kotzé and du Plessis

Attending Students

Some Statistics - over 100 students attending

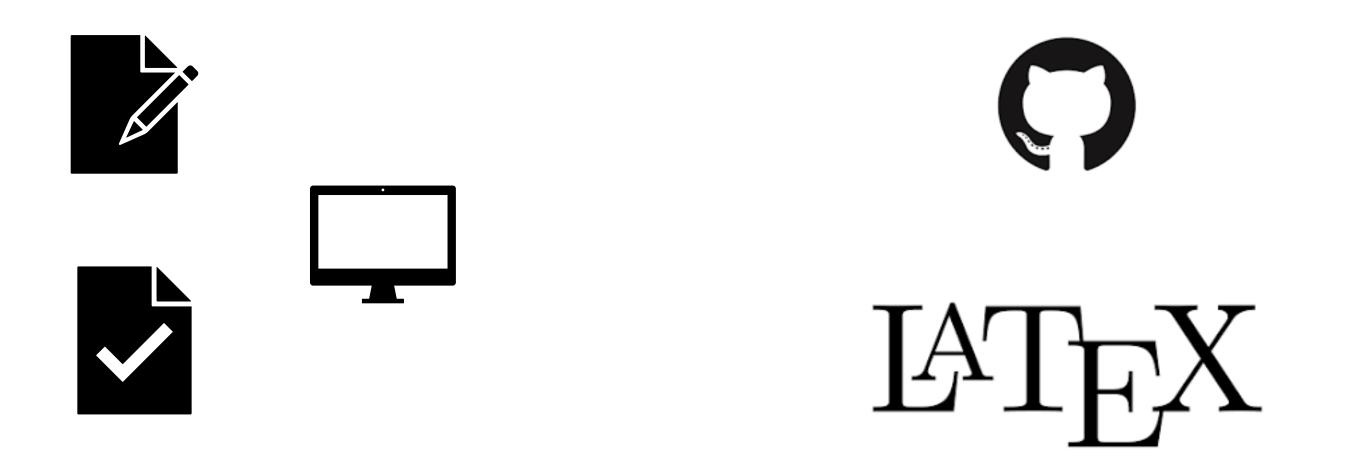
	first iteration	second iteration	
bachelor	78.9%	100%	
master	26.3%	27.3%	

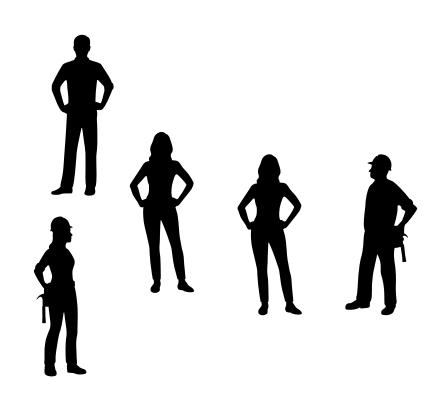
first iteration		second iteration	
female	23.1%	11.1%	
male	76.9%	88.9%	

semester	first iteration	second iteration
4	26.3%	45.5%
5	5.3%	18.2%
6	36.8%	9.1%
7	0%	18.2%
8	10.5%	9.1%
9	5.3%	0%
10	10.5%	0%

Course Outline

How did we organize a crowdsourced course?





eLearning and Supporting Applications

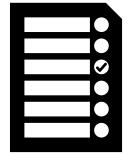
What did we use to facilitate course execution?



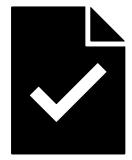






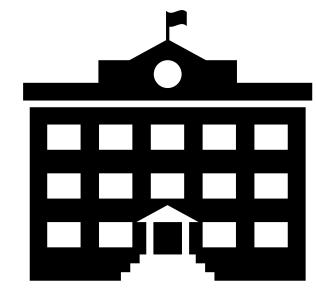










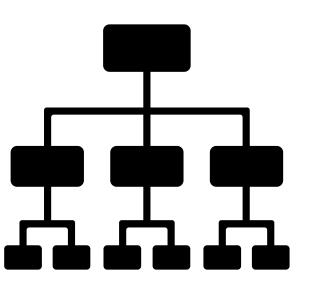


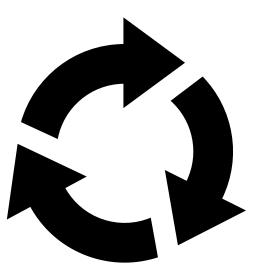
Reliance on CS Background

Can our approach be reused in non-CS courses?









Assuring Learning Outcomes

Does the crowdsourcing approach diminish outcomes?

- Peer tutoring and feedback not diminishing outcomes in general, can be as effective as tutor feedback (see, e.g., Pirttinen et al., Hamer et al.)
- Creating questionnaires is beneficial for both sides (see, e.g., Denny et al.)
- Not really a representative study, but we were quite happy:-)

The lecturer's knowledge remains the foundation of a successful course. The overall question is to what extent we have to use it for direct teaching rather than supporting tasks.

Student Feedback

Ways of Evaluation and Results

- Official evaluation performed by the university
 - No influence on question
 - Performed late in the semester
- Intermediate evaluations through LMS

Table 4: Course Evaluation, mean (\bar{a}) and median (\tilde{m}) , scale from 1 (= total agreement) to 5 (= total disagreement)

	first iteration		second iteration	
	\overline{a}	ñ	\overline{a}	ñ
course is well-structured	2.3	2	1.5	2
course material is helpful	2.6	2	1.8	2
lecturer explains well	2.2	2	1.6	1
lecturer addresses question		1	1.2	1
lecturer is motivated		1	1.2	1
satisfied with the course		2	2	2
was interested in topic bef	۵	1	1.3	2
learning outcome was his	3	3	2.1	2
lecturer support is helpful	1.6	1	1.5	1
course gives a good overview	2.2	2	1.6	2
good mixture of knowledge	2.5	2	1.7	2
transfer and discussion				

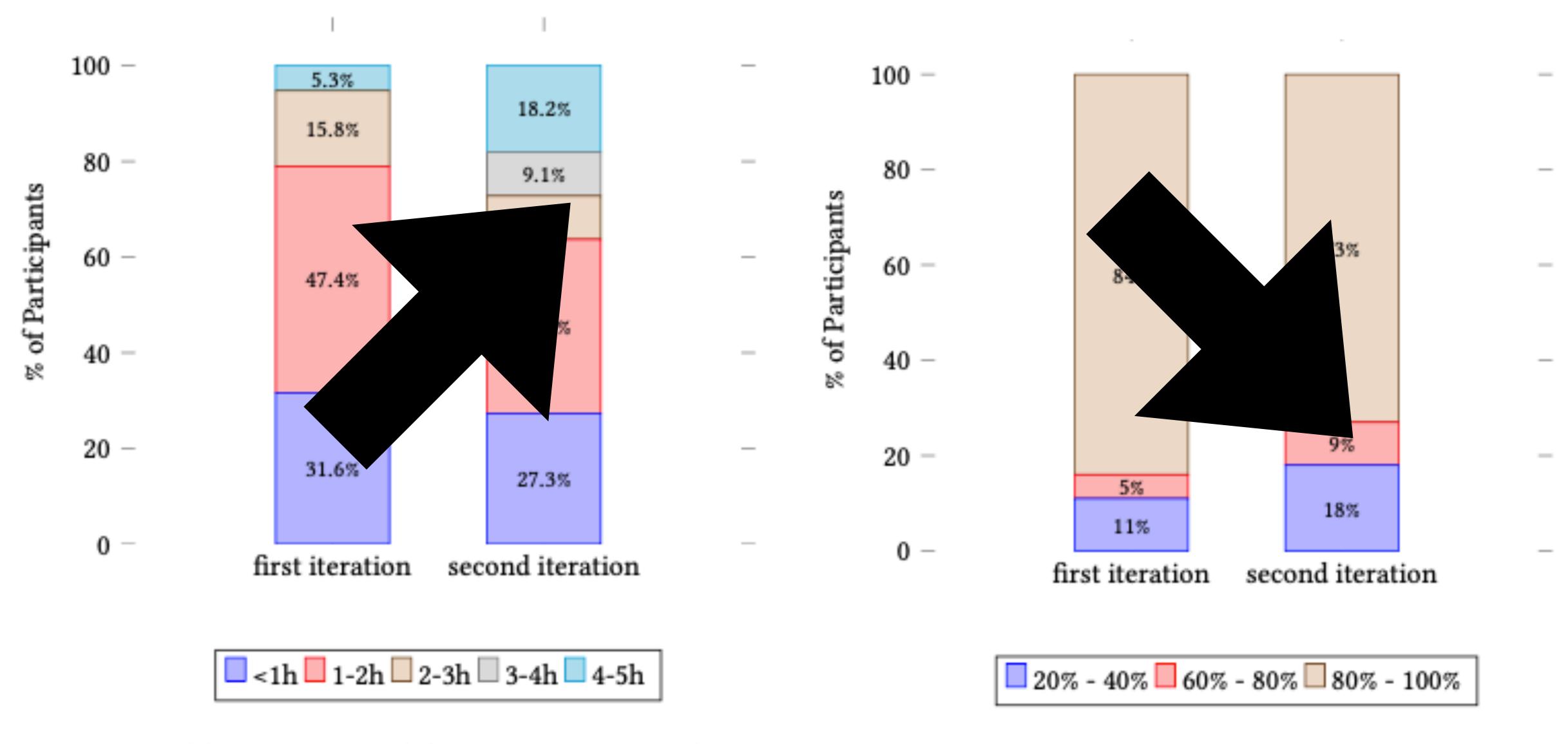
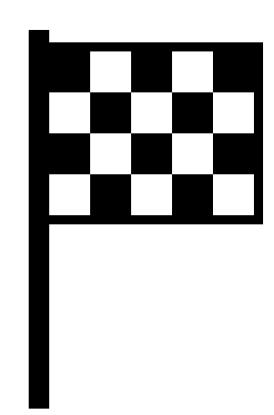


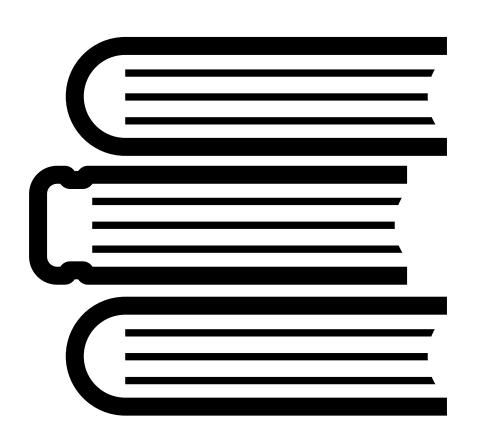
Figure 1: Weekly Time Spend for Preparation and Postprocessing

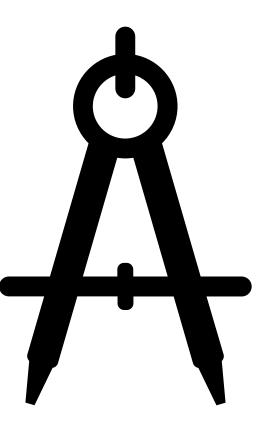
Figure 2: Percentage of Lectures Attended

Conclusions

Our Main Takeaways







Thank you! Any Questions?